

REPORTABLE DISEASES AND CONDITIONS

Title 17, California Code of Regulations (CCR), § 2500

It is the duty of every health care provider, knowing of or in attendance on a case or suspected case of any of the diseases or conditions listed below, to report to the local health officer for the jurisdiction where the patient resides. "Health care provider" encompasses physicians (surgeons, osteopaths, oriental medicine practitioners), veterinarians, podiatrists, physician assistants, registered nurses (nurse practitioners, nurse midwives, school nurses), infection control professionals, medical examiners/coroners, dentists, and chiropractors, as well as any other person with knowledge of a case or suspected case.

Note: This list is specific to Los Angeles County and differs from state and federal reporting requirements ★

- Report immediately by telephone (for both confirmed and suspected cases)
- Report by telephone within 1 working day from identification
- ☑ Report by electronic transmission (including FAX), telephone or mail within 1 working day from identification
- ② Report by electronic transmission (including FAX), telephone or mail within 7 calendar days from identification
- ★ Mandated by and reportable to the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health
- ± Report electronically via the National Healthcare Safety Network (https://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/index.html) if enrolled. If not enrolled, use the LAC DPH CRE Case Report Form (http://publichealth.lacounty.gov/acd/Diseases/EpiForms/CRERepSNF.pdf)
- For TB reporting questions: contact the TB Control Program (213) 745-0800 or visit www.publichealth.lacounty.gov/tb/healthpro.htm
- For HIV/STD reporting questions: contact the Division of HIV and STD Programs. HIV (213) 351-8516, STDs (213) 368-7441 www.publichealth.lacounty.gov/dhsp/ReportCase.htm

For laboratory reporting: www.publichealth.lacounty.gov/lab/index.htm For veterinary reporting: www.publichealth.lacounty.gov/vet/index.htm

REPORTABLE COMMUNICABLE DISEASES **Amebiasis** 7 Giardiasis Rickettsial Diseases (non-Rocky Mountain Anaplasmosis 7 Gonococcal Infection ■ Spotted Fever), including Typhus and Typhus-like Illnesses - The Anthrax, human or animal Haemophilus influenzae, invasive disease **Babesiosis** only, all serotypes, less than 5 years of age 7 Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever Hantavirus Infection 7 Rubella (German Measles) Botulism: infant, foodborne, or wound 7 Brucellosis, animal; except infections due to Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome Rubella Syndrome, Congenital Brucella canis Hepatitis A, acute infection Salmonellosis, other than Typhoid Fever 7 ******* Brucellosis, human Hepatitis B, specify acute or chronic Scabies, only outbreaks of 2 or more cases, 7 Hepatitis C, specify acute or chronic Campylobacteriosis any type 91110 7 Carbapenem-Resistant Enterobacteriaceae 7 Hepatitis D (Delta), specify acute or chronic Scombroid Fish Poisoning (CRE), including Klebsiella sp., E. coli, and Shiga Toxin, detected in feces Hepatitis E. acute infection ******* 7 Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Enterobacter sp., in acute care hospitals or Shigellosis skilled nursing facilities ★ ± infection, stage 3 (AIDS) ■ (§2641.30-Smallpox (Variola) Streptococcal Infection, outbreaks any type (7) Chancroid ■ 2643.20) Chickenpox (Varicella), only Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV), Streptococcal Infection, individual case in a acute infection ■ (§2641.30-2643.20) food handler or dairy worker hospitalizations, deaths, and outbreaks (≥3 Influenza deaths, confirmed cases only, all cases, or one case in a high-risk setting) 7 Streptococcal Infection, Invasive Group A, Chikungunya Virus Infection including Streptococcal Toxic Shock ages ★ Chlamydia trachomatis infection, including Influenza, novel strains, human Syndrome and Necrotizing Fasciitis; do not lymphogranuloma venereum (LGV) ■ 7 Legionellosis report individual cases of pharyngitis or 7 Leprosy (Hansen's Disease) Cholera scarlet fever. * Ciguatera Fish Poisoning 7 7 Leptospirosis Streptococcus pneumoniae, invasive ★ Coccidioidomycosis Listeriosis Syphilis . Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease (CJD) and other 7 Lyme Disease 7 Tetanus Transmissible Spongiform Malaria **Trichinosis** Encephalopathies (TSE) - The Measles (Rubeola) Tuberculosis ■ 7 Cryptosporidiosis Meningitis, specify etiology: viral, bacterial, Tularemia, animal fungal, or parasitic - T 7 Cyclosporiasis Tularemia, human 7 Cysticercosis or Taeniasis Meningococcal Infection Typhoid Fever, cases and carriers ***** Dengue Virus Infection** (7) Mumps Vibrio Infection Diphtheria 7 Myelitis, acute flaccid ★ Viral Hemorrhagic Fevers, human or animal Domoic Acid (Amnesic Shellfish) Poisoning ***** Novel virus infection with pandemic (e.g., Crimean-Congo, Ebola, Lassa and 7 Ehrlichiosis potential Marburg viruses) Encephalitis, specify etiology: viral, Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning West Nile Virus (WNV) Infection bacterial, fungal or parasitic Pertussis (Whooping Cough) **Yellow Fever** Escherichia coli, shiga toxin producing Plague, human or animal Yersiniosis (STEC) including E. coli O157 Poliovirus Infection Zika Virus Infection Flavivirus infection of undetermined species **Psittacosis OCCURRENCE OF ANY** Foodborne Disease Q Fever UNUSUAL DISEASE - THE Foodborne Outbreak; 2 or more suspected Rabies, human or animal **OUTBREAKS OF ANY DISEASE**, including cases from separate households with same Relapsing Fever Respiratory Syncytial Virus, deaths less diseases not listed above. Specify if in an assumed source

REPORTABLE NON-COMMUNICABLE DISEASES OR CONDITIONS

- Alzheimer's Disease and Related Conditions (CCR § 2802, § 2806, § 2810)
- Disorders Characterized by Lapses of Consciousness (CCR § 2806, § 2810)

than 5 years only

Pesticide-Related Illnesses (Health and Safety Code §105200)

institution and/or the open community.